SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier: SILICONE FREE RUBBER AND VINYL CARE - 6526

Other means of identification
SDS number: RE1000045318

Recommended restrictions
Recommended use: Coating
Restrictions on use: Not known.

Manufacturer Information
Manufacturer

Company Name:	IMPERIAL SUPPLIES LLC
Address:	PO BOX 11008 GREEN BAY,WI 54307-1008
Telephone:	800-558-2808

Emergency telephone number: 1-866-836-8855

2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard Classification

Physical Hazards

Flammable aerosol	Category 1
Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas

Health Hazards

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2A
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure	Category 3[1.]
Aspiration Hazard	Category 1

Target Organs
1. Narcotic effect.

Environmental Hazards

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 3

Label Elements

Hazard Symbol:

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement: Extremely flammable aerosol.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Harmful to aquatic life.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment.

Response: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Specific treatment (see on this label). Take off contaminated clothing.

Storage: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	64742-89-8	25 - <50%
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-	107-98-2	10 - <20%
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl-	107-41-5	10 - <20%
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	34590-94-8	10 - <20%
Propane	74-98-6	10 - <20%
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	5 - <10%

* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Ingestion: Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Never give liquid to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Inhalation: Move to fresh air.

Skin Contact: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention.

Eye contact: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms: No data available.

Hazards: No data available.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: No data available.

5. Fire-fighting measures

General Fire Hazards: Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fight fire from a protected location. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures: No data available.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep upwind. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep unauthorized personnel away.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste.

Notification Procedures: Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do so without risk.

Environmental Precautions: Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid release to the environment.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling: Avoid contact with eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid contact with skin.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store locked up. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Aerosol Level 3

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical Identity	Type	Exposure Limit Values		Source
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	TWA	100 ppm	400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
	PEL	100 ppm	400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (03 2016)
	REL	100 ppm	400 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2010)
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-	REL	100 ppm	360 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	STEL	150 ppm	540 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	TWA	50 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (02 2013)
	TWA	100 ppm	360 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
	STEL	100 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (02 2013)
	STEL	150 ppm	540 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl-	Ceiling	25 ppm	125 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
	Ceil_Time	25 ppm	125 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl- - Aerosol, inhalable.	STEL		10 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (03 2017)
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl- - Vapor fraction	STEL	50 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (03 2017)
	TWA	25 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (03 2017)
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	STEL	150 ppm	900 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	TWA	100 ppm	600 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
	STEL	150 ppm	900 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
	STEL	150 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (2009)
	REL	100 ppm	600 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	PEL	100 ppm	600 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
	TWA	100 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (2009)
Propane	REL	1,000 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	PEL	1,000 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
	TWA	1,000 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
Isopropyl Alcohol	STEL	500 ppm	1,225 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	TWA	200 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (2008)
	REL	400 ppm	980 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	PEL	400 ppm	980 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)

	TWA	400 ppm 980 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
	STEL	400 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (2008)
	STEL	500 ppm 1,225 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)

Biological Limit Values

Chemical Identity	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Isopropyl Alcohol (acetone: Sampling time: End of shift at end of work week.)	40 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)

Appropriate Engineering Controls No data available.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information: Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin Protection

Hand Protection: No data available.

Other: Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear chemical-resistant gloves, footwear, and protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure. Contact health and safety professional or manufacturer for specific information.

Respiratory Protection: In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from local supervisor.

Hygiene measures: Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Avoid contact with eyes. When using do not smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with skin. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: liquid
Form: Spray Aerosol
Color: No data available.
Odor: No data available.
Odor threshold: No data available.
pH: No data available.
Melting point/freezing point: No data available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range: Estimated 79.44 °C
Flash Point: Estimated -104.44 °C
Evaporation rate: No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas): No data available.
Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits
Flammability limit - upper (%): Estimated 9.5 %(V)
Flammability limit - lower (%): Estimated 2.2 %(V)

Explosive limit - upper (%):	No data available.
Explosive limit - lower (%):	No data available.
Vapor pressure:	2,068 - 3,447 hPa (20 °C)
Vapor density:	No data available.
Density:	No data available.
Relative density:	No data available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in water:	No data available.
Solubility (other):	No data available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available.
Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available.
Decomposition temperature:	No data available.
Viscosity:	No data available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:	No data available.
Chemical Stability:	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	No data available.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid heat or contamination.
Incompatible Materials:	No data available.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	No data available.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation:	No data available.
Skin Contact:	No data available.
Eye contact:	No data available.
Ingestion:	No data available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation:	No data available.
Skin Contact:	No data available.
Eye contact:	No data available.
Ingestion:	No data available.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral

Product:	ATEmix: 11,929.05 mg/kg

Dermal

Product: ATEmix: 4,563.08 mg/kg

Inhalation

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Specified substance(s):

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	LC 50: > 100 mg/l LC 50: > 100 mg/l
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-	LC 50: > 100 mg/l LC 50: > 100 mg/l
Propane	LC 50: > 100 mg/l LC 50: > 100 mg/l
Isopropyl Alcohol	LC 50: > 100 mg/l LC 50: > 100 mg/l

Repeated dose toxicity

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	NOAEL (Mouse, Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, 107 - 113 Weeks): 1,402 mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Dermal, 5 - 28 d): 3,750 mg/kg Dermal Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Dermal, 28 d): > 375 mg/kg Dermal Experimental result, Supporting study
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, 13 Weeks): 1,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rabbit(Female, Male), Dermal, 3 Months): 4,600 mg/kg Dermal Experimental result, Supporting study
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl-	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 13 Weeks): 50 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Key study
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 4 Weeks): 200 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Rabbit(Female, Male), Dermal, 90 d): 2,850 mg/kg Dermal Experimental result, Key study
Propane	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 4,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 12,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Isopropyl Alcohol	NOAEL (Rat, Inhalation, >= 104 Weeks): 5,000 ppm(m) Inhalation Experimental result, Key study

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	in vivo Not irritant Experimental result, Key study
Isopropyl Alcohol	in vivo (Rabbit): Not Classified Experimental result, Key study

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	Rabbit: Not irritating

2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-	Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl-	Irritating. Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Slightly irritating (Not Classified)
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating
Isopropyl Alcohol	Rabbit, 1 d: Category 2: Causes serious eye irritation Irritating.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl-	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Human): Non sensitising
Isopropyl Alcohol	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

Carcinogenicity

Product: No data available.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050), as amended:

No carcinogenic components identified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

In vitro

Product: No data available.

In vivo

Product: No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-	Narcotic effect. - Category 3 with narcotic effects.
Isopropyl Alcohol	Narcotic effect. - Category 3 with narcotic effects.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Product: No data available.

Target Organs

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure: Narcotic effect.

Aspiration Hazard

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other effects: No data available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-	LC 50 (Pimephales promelas, 96 h): 20,800 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl-	LC 50 (Pimephales promelas, 96 h): 8,690 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	LC 50 (96 h): > 1,000 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Propane	LC 50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study
Isopropyl Alcohol	LC 50 (Pimephales promelas, 96 h): 9,640 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 32 mg/l Experimental result, Supporting study
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): >= 1,000 mg/l Experimental result, Supporting study
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl-	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 5,410 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	LC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 1,919 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Isopropyl Alcohol	LC 50 (Daphnia magna, 24 h): > 10,000 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: No data available.

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 0.5 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Product: No data available.

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	90.35 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl-	81 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	96 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study
Propane	100 % (385.5 h) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study 50 % (3.19 d) Detected in water. QSAR, Weight of Evidence study
Isopropyl Alcohol	53 % (5 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

BOD/COD Ratio

Product: No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 10 - 2,500 Aquatic sediment Estimated by calculation, Key study

Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Product: No data available.

Mobility in soil: No data available.

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	No data available.
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-	No data available.
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl-	No data available.
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-	No data available.
Propane	No data available.
Isopropyl Alcohol	No data available.

Other adverse effects: Harmful to aquatic organisms.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions: Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws.

Contaminated Packaging: No data available.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN Number:	UN 1950
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es)	
Class:	2.1
Label(s):	–
Packing Group:	–
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.

IMDG

UN Number:	UN 1950
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es)	
Class:	2.1
Label(s):	–
EmS No.:	
Packing Group:	–
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.

IATA

UN Number:	UN 1950
Proper Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable
Transport Hazard Class(es):	
Class:	2.1
Label(s):	–
Packing Group:	–
Environmental Hazards:	No
Marine Pollutant	No
Special precautions for user:	Not regulated.

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

Restrictions on use: Not known.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050), as amended

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

Chemical Identity	Reportable quantity
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-	lbs. 100
Propane	lbs. 100
Isopropyl Alcohol	lbs. 100

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Fire Hazard
Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards
Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
Skin Corrosion or Irritation
Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
Aspiration Hazard

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

Chemical Identity	Reporting threshold for other users	Reporting threshold for manufacturing and processing
Isopropyl Alcohol	lbs	lbs.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):

Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

US State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65

No ingredient requiring a warning under CA Prop 65.

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Chemical Identity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl-
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-
Propane
Isopropyl Alcohol

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

No ingredient regulated by MA Right-to-Know Law present.

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Chemical Identity

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl-
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-
Propane
Isopropyl Alcohol

US. Rhode Island RTK

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

International regulations

Montreal protocol

Not applicable

Stockholm convention

Not applicable

Rotterdam convention

Not applicable

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable

Inventory Status:

Australia AICS:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Canada DSL Inventory List:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Canada NDSL Inventory:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Ontario Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Japan (ENCS) List:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Japan ISHL Listing:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing:	Not in compliance with the inventory.
Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):	On or in compliance with the inventory
Mexico INSQ:	On or in compliance with the inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Philippines PICCS:	On or in compliance with the inventory
Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
US TSCA Inventory:	On or in compliance with the inventory
EINECS, ELINCS or NLP:	Not in compliance with the inventory.

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue Date:	05/13/2021
Revision Information:	No data available.
Version #:	1.0
Further Information:	No data available.
Disclaimer:	This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.